



Video Solution on Website:-

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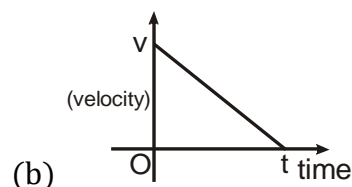
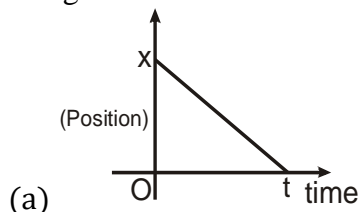
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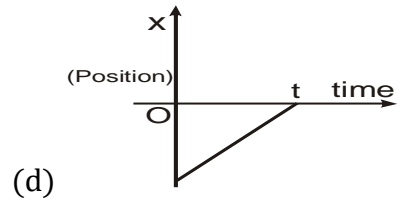
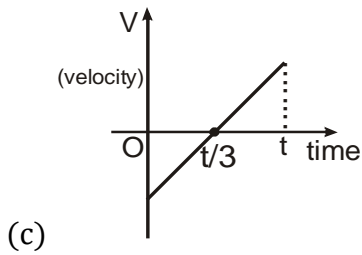
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Written Solution on Website:-

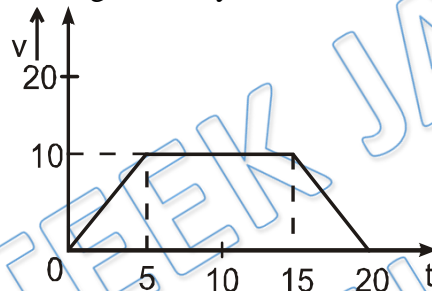
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- Q 1. A ball is thrown vertically up with a certain velocity. It attains a height of 40 m and comes back to the thrower. Then choose the correct option : ($g = 10\text{m/s}^2$)
- (a) the average speed of the ball for the round trip is zero.
 - (b) total displacement is 80 m
 - (c) total displacement is zero
 - (d) the average velocity for round trip is non zero
- Q 2. The magnitude of the displacement is equal to the distance covered in a given interval of time if the particle.
- (a) moves with constant acceleration along any path
 - (b) moves with constant speed
 - (c) moves in same direction with constant velocity or with variable velocity
 - (d) have acceleration and velocity in opposite direction.
- Q 3. A point moves in a straight line in such a manner that its retardation is proportional to its speed. Then
- (a) Distance is proportional to the increase in speed
 - (b) Distance is proportional to the speed destroyed
 - (c) Average velocity of the particle is constant
 - (d) None of these
- Q 4. For which of the following graphs the average velocity of a particle moving along a straight line for time interval (0, t) must be negative -

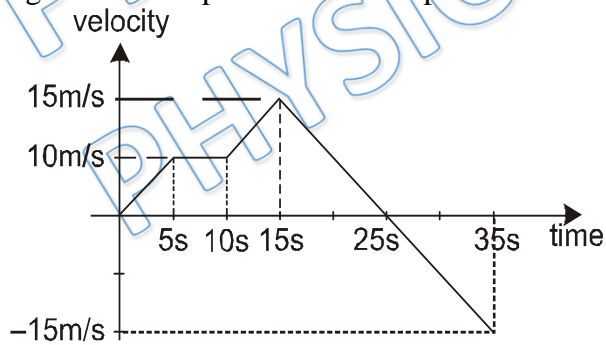




- Q 5. Figure shows the velocity time graph of a particle moving along straight line (v is m/s and t is in seconds). Its average velocity in 20 seconds will be:



- (a) 10 m/s (b) zero
(c) 3.75 m/s (d) 7.5 m/s
- Q 6. A person starts from origin and for his linear motion velocity is given as shown in figure. Find displacement of the person from $t = 15$ sec to $t = 35$ sec.

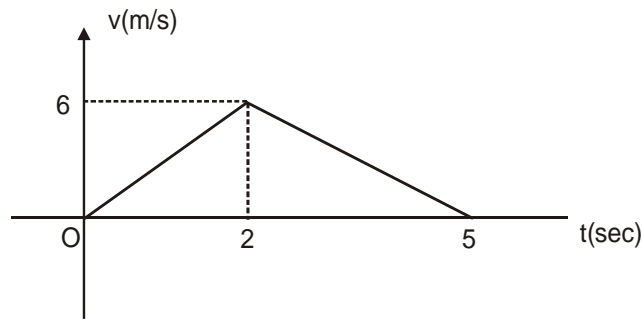


- (a) 75 m (b) 0
(c) -75 m (d) 150 m
- Q 7. The displacement of a particle is given by $x = (t - 2)^2$ where x is in metres and t in seconds. The distance covered by the particles in first 4 seconds is:

- (a) 12 m (b) 8 m (c) 9 m (d) 18 m



- Q 8. A car covers half of the distance with speed 60 km/hr and rest of the half with speed 30 km/hr. The average speed of the car is –
- (a) 45 km/hr (b) 40 km/hr
(c) 20.0 km/hr (d) 50 km/hr
- Q 9. A body travelling along a straight line traversed one third of the total distance with a velocity 4 m/s. The remaining part of the distance was covered with a velocity 2 m/s for half the time and with velocity 6 m/s for the other half of time. The mean velocity averaged over the whole time of motion is:
- (a) 5 m/s (b) 4 m/s (c) 4.5 m/s (d) 3.5 m/s
- Q 10. The displacement of a particle moving in a straight line is described by the relation, $s = 6 + 12t - 2t^2$. Here s is in metres and t in seconds. The distance covered by particle in first 5 s is:
- (a) 20 m (b) 32 m (c) 24 m (d) 26 m
- Q 11. A body moving in a curved path possesses a velocity 3 m/s towards north at any instant of its motion. After 10s, the velocity of the body was found to be 4 m/s towards west. Calculate the average acceleration during this interval.
- (a) 0.1 m/s^2 at 37° North of West
(b) 0.5 m/s^2 at 37° South of West
(c) 0.1 m/s^2 at 37° South of West
(d) 0.5 m/s^2 at 37° North of West
- Q 12. A particle moves with constant speed v along a regular hexagon ABCDEF in same order (i.e. A to B, B to C, C to D, D to E, E to F, F to A...). Then magnitude of average velocity for its motion from A to C is –
- (a) v (b) $v/2$
(c) $\sqrt{3}v/2$ (d) none of these
- Q 13. A particle moves with a velocity v in a horizontal circular path. The change in its velocity for covering 60° will be –
- (a) $v\sqrt{2}$ (b) $v/\sqrt{2}$
(c) $v\sqrt{3}$ (d) v
- Q 14. From the velocity-time graph of a particle determine the acceleration of particle at $t = 1$ sec :



- (a) 3m/s^2
- (b) 6m/s^2
- (c) 2m/s^2
- (d) 5m/s

Q 15. A particle moves along the positive branch of the curve $y = \frac{x^2}{2}$ where $x = \frac{t^2}{2}$, x and y are measured in metres and t in seconds. At $t = 2$ s, the velocity of the particle is

- (a) $2\hat{i} - 4\hat{j}$ m/s
- (b) $4\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$ m/s
- (c) $2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j}$ m/s
- (d) $4\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}$ m/s

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Answer Key

Q.1 c	Q.2 c	Q.3 b	Q.4 a	Q.5 d
Q.6 b	Q.7 b	Q.8 b	Q.9 b	Q.10 d
Q.11 b	Q.12 c	Q.13 d	Q.14 a	Q.15 c